

CTI 2572 Send/Receive Application Example

Application

A CTI 2500 Series or Simatic® 505 PLC is used to update a Siemens® S7 PLC with process information. When the S7 receives the information, it sends status information back to the Simatic® 505 PLC.

Assumptions

- The Simatic® 505 PLC uses the 2572 as a network TCP/IP interface.
- The S7 uses a CP343-1 TCP/IP interface.
- The 2572 will be configured as the Passive partner
- The S7 will be configured as the Active partner
- The IP address of the 2572 is 192.168.1.2 (Dotted hexadecimal is C0.A8.01.02) and is loaded from ladder logic using the Start Network Server command.
- The TSAP for the Simatic® 505 connection endpoint is “PLCA”. This TSAP string is stored at V500 in the Simatic® 505 PLC.
- The IP address of the CP343 interface is 192.168.1.3
- The TSAP for the S7 connection endpoint is “S701”. This TSAP string is stored at V510 in the Simatic® 505 PLC.
- The 2572 will send 100 words of data obtained from V1000 – V1099.
- The S7 will reply with 10 words of status information, which will be written to V1200 – V1209.
- The 2572 module is logged into the PLC at WX1.
- No router is used on the network.

Before the 2572 module can communicate on an Ethernet network, it must first be started as a network server and given network parameters, such as, IP address, port number, etc. Network parameters can be loaded into EEPROM on the module with the utility software, IPSET or with CTIDiag software. The module dipswitches can then be set for Auto Start and the module will automatically start up at power up. Network parameters can also be loaded from the PLC using the **Start Network Server** command. This is the most commonly used method. The main advantage for loading the network parameters from the PLC is that the network information for the 2572 stays with the PLC allowing quick substitution of the module if needed. This application example uses the Start Network Server command to load network parameters to the 2572 module. Refer to the *SIMATIC® C 505 Ethernet TCP/IP Communication Processor User Manual, Chapter 2.4* for complete information on starting the network server from the PLC.

Active and Passive Partners

Send/Receive requires a point-to-point TCP connection between the communications partners. One partner is responsible for initiating the connection request while the other is responsible for accepting or rejecting the request. The partner responsible for *initiating* the request to establish the connection is called the *Active* partner. The partner that *responds* to the connection request is called the *Passive* partner. To establish a peer-to-peer connection one partner must be Active and the other Passive. In this application example, the 2572 is the passive partner and the CP343-1 TCP/IP adapter in the S7 system is the active partner. The CP343-1 is responsible for initiating the connection. The 2572 must initiate an Open Passive command on startup initialization. Once an Open Passive command has been initiated, the 2572 will respond to a connection request from the S7 Active partner.

2572 Command Blocks

Start Network Server Command

| Address | Description | Hex | Decimal |
|---------|--|------|---------|
| V50 | Error Word | 0000 | 0 |
| V51 | Command Code | 0004 | 4 |
| V52 | Connection Number | 4B62 | 19298 |
| V53 | Protocol Manager Number | 0023 | 35 |
| V54 | Startup Option Bits | 0000 | 0 |
| V55 | TCP Keep Alive Interval (0 = default = 60 seconds) | 0000 | 0 |
| V56 | IP Address of this Module (High 16 bits) 192 = C0 (hex) 168 = A8 (hex) | C0A8 | 49320 |
| V57 | IP Address of this Module (Low 16 bits) 1 = 01 (hex) 2 = 02 (hex) | 0102 | 258 |
| V58 | TCP/UDP Port Number | 05E1 | 1505 |
| V59 | IP Address of Default Router (High 16 bits) | 0000 | 0 |
| V60 | IP Address of Default Router (Low 16 bits) | 0000 | 0 |
| V61 | Max Number of TCP Connections (0 = default = 8) | 0000 | 0 |
| V62 | Subnet Mask (High 16 bits) Note: Enter 0 to allow the module to set the correct subnet mask for the IP address class entered in offsets 6 and 7. | 0000 | 0 |
| V63 | Subnet Mask (Low 16 bits) Note: Enter 0 to allow the module to set the correct subnet mask for the IP address class entered in offsets 6 and 7. | 0000 | 0 |
| V64-65 | Unused | 0000 | 0 |

Open Passive Connection

| Address | Description | Hex | Decimal |
|----------|---------------------------------------|------|---------|
| V100 | Error Word | 0000 | 0 |
| V101 | Command Code (Passive connection) | 2E02 | 11778 |
| V102 | Connection Number | 4B15 | 19221 |
| V103 | Protocol Manager Number | 002E | 46 |
| V104 | IP address of Partner – High 16 bits | C0A8 | 49320 |
| V105 | IP address of Partner – Low 16 bits | 0103 | 259 |
| V106 | Flags | 0000 | 0 |
| V107 | Length of local TSAP (in bytes) | 0004 | 4 |
| V108 | Start V-memory address of local TSAP | 01F4 | 500 |
| V109 | Length of remote TSAP (in bytes) | 0004 | 4 |
| V110 | Start V-memory address of remote TSAP | 01FE | 510 |
| V111-115 | Unused | 0000 | 0 |

Local and Remote TSAPs

The local TSAP chosen for the application is '**PLCA**'. This TSAP string is stored in the Simatic® 505 PLC starting at V500 as shown in the table below:

| Address | Description | Hex | Decimal |
|---------|--|------|---------|
| V500 | ASCII Characters P and L | 504C | 20556 |
| V501 | ASCII Characters C and A | 4341 | 17217 |

The remote TSAP chosen for the application is '**S701**'. This TSAP string is stored in the Simatic® 505 PLC starting at V510 as shown in the table below:

| Address | Description | Hex | Decimal |
|---------|--|------|---------|
| V510 | ASCII Characters S and 7 | 5337 | 21303 |
| V511 | ASCII Characters 0 and 1 | 3031 | 12337 |

Send Data Command Block

| Address | Description | Hex | Decimal |
|----------|----------------------------------|------|---------|
| V140 | Error Word | 0000 | 0 |
| V141 | Command Code (SEND) | 2E03 | 11779 |
| V142 | Connection Number (matches open) | 4B15 | 19221 |
| V143 | Command Flags | 0000 | 0 |
| V144 | Number of words to transfer | 0064 | 100 |
| V145 | Send Block V-memory Address | 03E8 | 1000 |
| V146-155 | Reserved | 0000 | 0 |

Receive Data Command Block

| Address | Description | Hex | Decimal |
|-----------|---|-------|---------|
| V120 | Error Word | 0000 | 0 |
| V121 | Command Code (Receive) | 2E04 | 11780 |
| V122 | Connection Number (matches open) | 4B15 | 19221 |
| V123 | Command Flag | 0000 | 0 |
| V124 | Maximum Data Block Size (in words) | 000A | 10 |
| V125 | Receive Block V-memory address | 04B0 | 1200 |
| V126 | Command Timeout (0 = default) Max = 60 seconds | 0001 | 1 |
| V127 -135 | Reserved | 00000 | 0 |

Simatic® 505 Logic

This rung looks for the Network Cfg bit (WX1.3) to be high and loads command slot 1 (WY5) with the pointer to the V memory location where the Start Network Server command is located. The Command Control bits (WY4) are cleared and control relays used in logic control are initialized. C19 is set to trigger logic below to initiate a command cycle and start the network server.

```

1      !WX1.3  C2      LDC-----+      LDC-----+      C1
      [-] [---]/[---!      !---!      !-----*-(SET )
      !      ! A:WY5      ! ! A:WY4      !      !
      !      ! N=50      ! ! N=0      !      ! C12
      !      !      !      !      !      ! [- (RST )
      !      +-----+      +-----+      !
      !      !      !      !      !      ! C13
      !      !      !      !      !      ! [- (RST )
      !      !      !      !      !      !
      !      !      !      !      !      ! C14
      !      !      !      !      !      ! [- (RST )
      !      !      !      !      !      !
      !      !      !      !      !      ! C15
      !      !      !      !      !      ! [- (RST )
      !      !      !      !      !      !
      !      !      !      !      !      ! C19
      !      !      !      !      !      !+- (SET )

```

This rung locks out the first rung so that the Start Network Server command is only executed once.

```

29      !WX1.3      C2
      [-] [-----]----- ( )

```

When the module turns ON the Command Busy bit (WX2.3), C14 is set and C15 is reset to indicate that a command cycle has started.

```

33      !WX2.3      C14
      [-] [-----]-----*-(SET )
      !      !
      !      ! C15
      !      !+- (RST )

```

When C14 is ON and the module turns OFF Command Busy (WX2.3), C15 is set and C14 is reset to indicate that a command cycle has finished.

```

42      ! C14  WX2.3      C15
      [-] [---]/[-----]-----*-(SET )
      !      !
      !      ! C14
      !      !+- (RST )

```

Command slot #1 (WY5) is loaded with the pointer to the V memory location where the Open Passive command is located (V100) after the Start Network Server command has been executed, as indicated by C1 and C15 both being ON. The command error word for the Open Passive command (V100) is cleared to zero. C12 is set to indicate that the Open Passive command has been initiated. C1 is reset so that this command is not executed again unless the 2572 has gone through a power cycle or a reset. C15 is reset and C19 is set to initiate the command trigger logic.

```

          ! C1      C15      LDC-----+      LDC-----+                        C12
71      [-] [---] [-*--!      !---!      !-----*- (SET )
          !          ! A:WY5          !          ! A:V100          !          !
          !          ! N=100          !          ! N=0          !          ! C1
          !          !          !          !          !          ! [- (RST )
          !          +-----+      +-----+          !          !
          !          !          !          !          !          ! C15
          !          !          !          !          !          ! [- (RST )
          !          !          !          !          !          !
          !          !          !          !          !          ! C19
          !          !          !          !          !          ! [- (SET )
          !          !          !          !          !          !
          !          !          !          !          !          !
          !          !          !          !          !          !

```

Command Slot #1 (WY5) is loaded with the pointer to the V memory location where the Receive Data command is located (V120) after the Open Passive command has been executed and finished, as indicated by C12 and C15 both being ON. C13 is set which initiates the logic at rungs 130 and 134 continuously.

```

          !          C12      C15          LDC-----+                        C13
95      [----] [---] [-----!      !-----*- (SET )
          !          ! A:WY5          !          !          !
          !          ! N=120          !          !          ! C12
          !          !          !          !          !          ! [- (RST )
          !          +-----+          !          !          !
          !          !          !          !          !          ! C15
          !          !          !          !          !          ! +- (RST )
          !          !          !          !          !          !

```

Command Slot #2 (WY6) is loaded with the pointer to the V memory location where the Send Data Command is located (V140). Since the 2572 can process commands concurrently on different command slots, we are using command slot #2 for the Send Data command. As long as the input is true (C30 is OFF and C13 is ON) the command will execute continuously. The command trigger bits for Command Slot #2 (WY4.6 and WY4.7) are turned ON and will remain ON until the module turns ON the Command Slot #2 Busy bit (WX2.7). As soon the Command Busy bit goes low again, another command cycle will start.

```

          !          C13          LDC-----+      WX2.7 LDC-----+      WY4.6
110     [----] [-----!      !-*--]/[---!      !-----*- (    )
          !          ! A:WY6          ! !          ! A:V140          !          !
          !          ! N=140          ! !          ! N=0          !          ! WY4.7
          !          !          ! !          !          !          ! +- (    )
          !          +-----+          !          +-----+
          !WY4.7          !          !
          [-] [-----+
          !

```

Rungs 130 and 134 control command processing of the Receive Data Command on Command Slot #1. As long as C13 is ON, indicating that the pointer to the Receive Data command has been loaded, the command will execute continuously. The command error word for the Receive Data command (V120) is cleared to zero each time the command is executed.

```

! C13                                                    C19
130  [-] [-----] ( SET )
!
! C19  WX2.3  LDC-----+                               WY4.2
134  [-] [-*-]/[---!  !-----*-( )
!      !      ! A:V120      !      !
! WY4.3!      ! N=0      !      ! WY4.3
[-] [-+      !      !      ! [- ( )
!      +-----+      !      !
!      !      ! C19
!      !      +- ( RST )
!
!
!

```

Rung 153 checks if the command error word for the Open Passive command contains an error. If it does, the error word is moved to V399 where it is stored. This needs to be done because the error word is cleared to zero when the command is executed. This way V399 will always contain the last error code that was reported.

```

! V100 +0      MOVW-----+                               C23
153  [--]<> INT[----!  !----- ( )
!      ! A:V100      !
!      ! B:V399      !
!      ! N=1      !
!      +-----+

```

Rung #162 examines the Command Error Bit for Command Slot #1 (WX2.1) and, if ON, moves the error code word of the Receive Data Command (V120) to V400 for storage. V400 will always contain the last error reported. The Error Acknowledge Bit for Command Slot 1 (WY4.1) is then turned ON to acknowledge the error. When the 2572 module sees the Error Acknowledge bit ON it will turn OFF the Command Error Bit (WX2.1). This must be done before another command cycle can be executed on the command slot.

```

! WX2.1  MOVW-----+                               WY4.1
162  [-] [---!  !----- ( )
!      ! A:V120      !
!      ! B:V400      !
!      ! N=1      !
!      +-----+

```

Rung #172 performs the same function as Rung #162 only for Command Slot #2 where the Send Data command is being executed. The error code word for the Send Data command (V140) is moved to V401 for storage.

```

! WX2.5  MOVW-----+                               WY4.5
172  [-] [---!  !----- ( )
!      ! A:V140      !
!      ! B:V401      !
!      ! N=1      !
!      +-----+

```

S7 Configuration

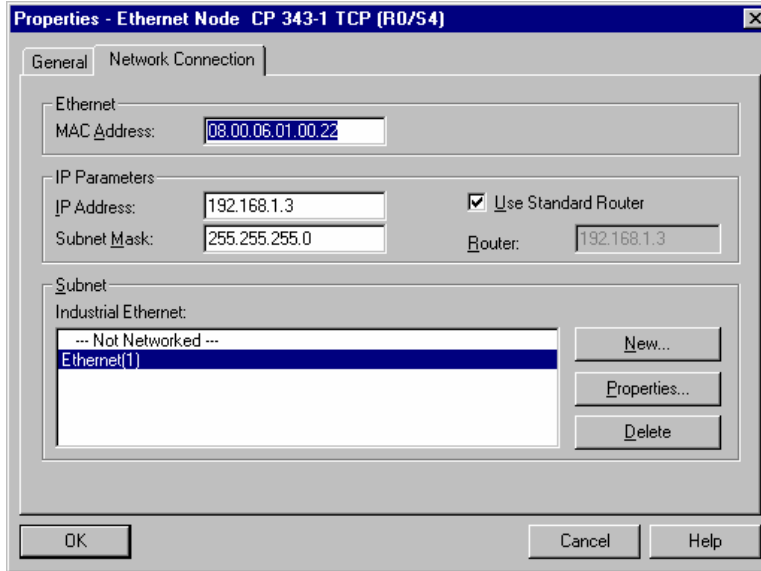
Note:

This application note assumes you are familiar with the S7 system, including installing and configuring the CP343-1 Ethernet TCP/IP module, and using the Step 7 software development application programs. If you have questions about the S7 and related components, please contact your Siemens technical representative.

Using the Step7 configuration program, create an Ethernet subnet consisting of the S7 PLC with a CP343-1 module and an “Other” Station named 2572. Since there is no router on this network, set the subnet default to “No Router”. Then, selecting “Standard Router” under the individual node network properties will automatically select no router.

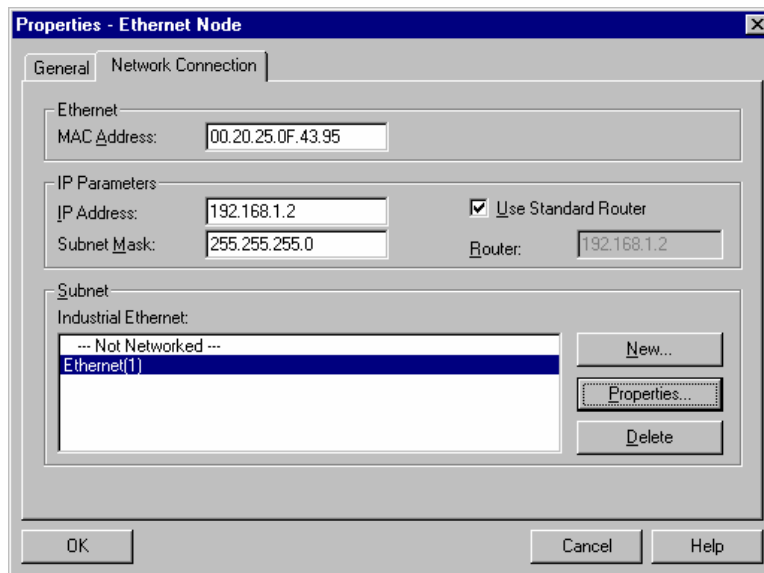
Configuring the CP343 Ethernet Module

Set the Network Connection properties of the CP343-1 module as shown below. The MAC address is not used in TCP/IP connections, but some versions of Step 7 may require an entry. In this case you may enter any arbitrary value that Step 7 will accept.



Configuring the Other Station (2572)

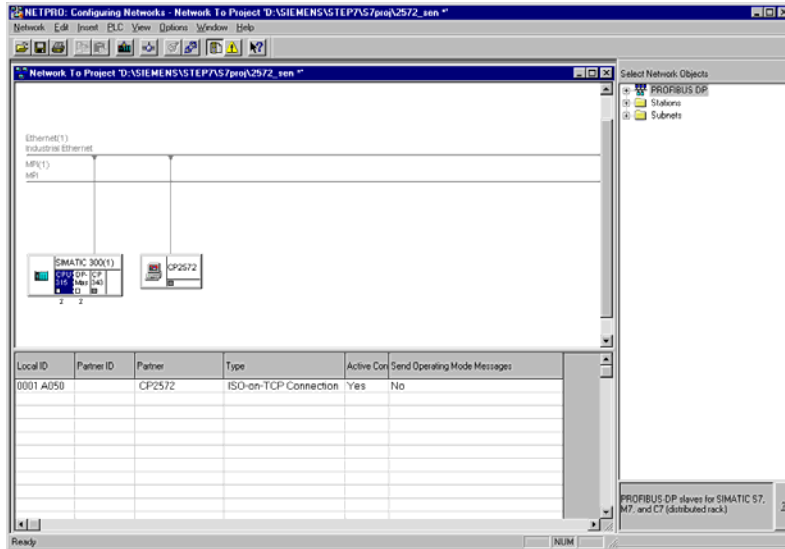
Enter the following Network Connection properties for the 2572 module. Again, the MAC ID is not used by TCP/IP, but some versions of Step 7 may require the entry. You may any arbitrary value acceptable by Step 7.



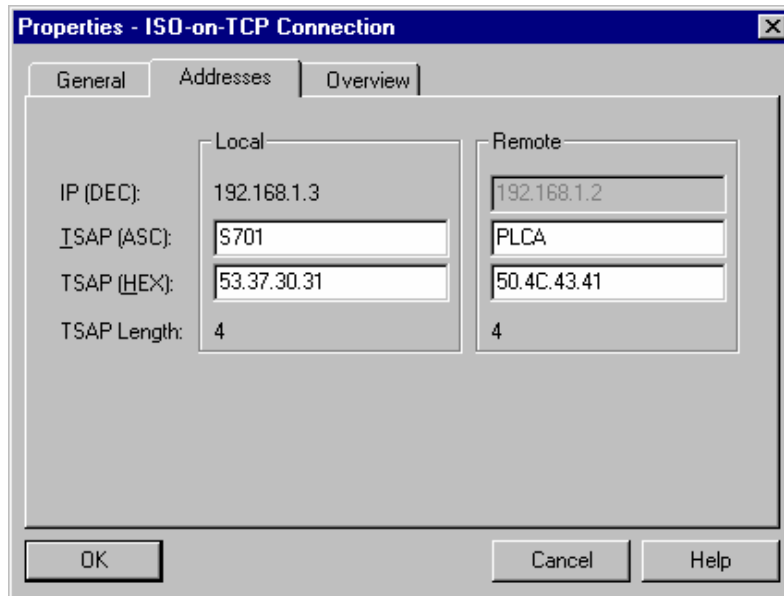
Configuring the ISO on TCP Connection

Create a new connection to the 2572 as shown below.

Note: Configure the 2572 as the Passive partner by changing the Yes to NO under the “Active Con” column below.

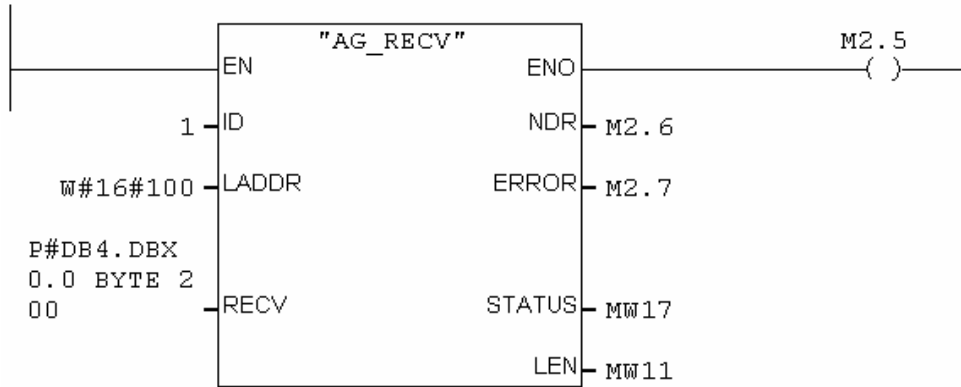


Enter the following TSAP information.

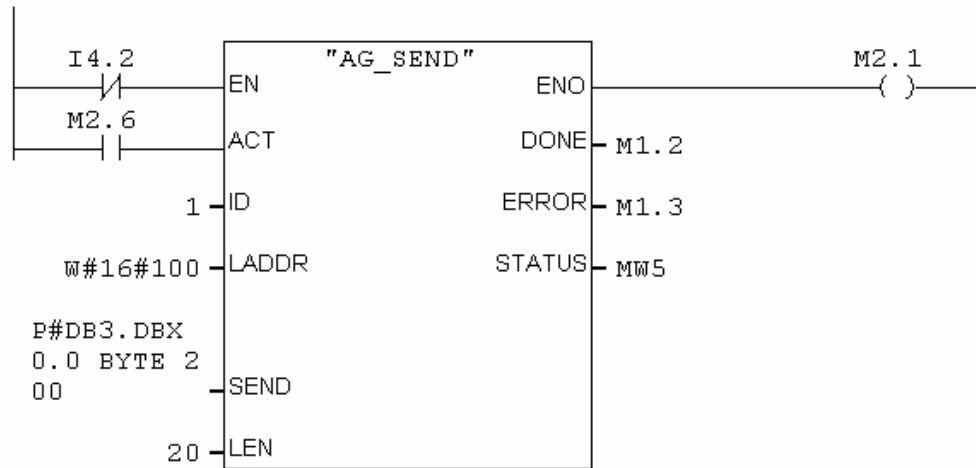


S7 Logic

The following S7 Function Block (FC6) receives data from the 2572 module. ID must correspond to the "Connection ID" in the S7 Ethernet setup. LADDR must correspond to the value shown in "Block Parameters". RECV is memory block where the S7 writes the received data. Your S7 logic should execute this function block on a regular basis to check for input from the Simatic® 505 PLC.



The following S7 Function Block (FC5) sends data to the Simatic® 505 PLC. ID must correspond to the "Connection ID" in the S7 Ethernet setup. LADDR must correspond to the value shown in "Block Parameters". SEND is memory block where the S7 obtains data to be transmitted. Your S7 logic should execute this block after receiving a message from the Simatic® 505 PLC.



Error Codes

The following codes may be returned by this protocol manager in the Command Block error word.

| HEX | DEC | Description | Possible Corrective Action |
|------|-------|--|---|
| 2E01 | 11777 | TSAP length too long(>10 bytes) | Ensure the entry is correct |
| 2E02 | 11778 | Out-of-range connection number | Use a number between 19221 and 19228 |
| 2E03 | 11779 | Local TSAP specified is already in use | Select another TSAP name |
| 2E04 | 11780 | Remote TSAP specified is already in use for the remote IP address. | Select another TSAP name. You may need to set up another TSAP in the partner PLC. |
| 2E05 | 11781 | Local TSAP Length = 0 | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E06 | 11782 | Local TSAP V memory address = 0 | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E07 | 11783 | Remote TSAP Length = 0 | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E08 | 11784 | Remote TSAP V memory address = 0 | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E09 | 11785 | Local TSAP V memory address exceeds PLC maximum | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E0A | 11786 | Remote TSAP V memory address exceeds PLC maximum | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E0B | 11787 | Duplicate attempt to create a Passive connection | Check the logic used to trigger the command block. You are probably triggering the command more than once. |
| 2E0C | 11788 | Reserved | Not Used |
| 2E0D | 11790 | Attempted to send packet with no data (word count = 0) | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E0E | 11791 | V memory address in SEND or RECEIVE command = 0 | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E0F | 11792 | Number of words to transfer exceeds 512 | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E10 | 11793 | Remote IP address is the same as the local 2572 IP address | Correct the command block entry. |
| 2E20 | 11808 | Connection lost: TCP Keep Alive timeout | Retry the Send or Receive command. The module will automatically attempt to re-establish the connection. If the problem persists, check the network and partner. |
| 2E21 | 11809 | Partner PLC explicitly closed the connection. | Partner PLC must open a new connection before you can continue. |
| 2E22 | 11810 | The specified partner supports ISO on TCP (Port 102) but Open connection request was denied. | This error is probably due to an incorrect TSAP entry. |
| 2E23 | 11811 | Open Active connection failed to open a TCP connection on port 102 at the specified IP address. The PLC address exists but the target does not support ISO on TCP. | Ensure that you have specified the correct IP address. If the target is a Simatic® 505 PLC using a 2572 module, ensure that the firmware supports the Send/Receive feature. <i>Note: Port 102 availability can be verified by using a Windows Telnet application. Configure telnet to access port 102 rather than the default telnet port, and then attempt to connect to the remote IP. If the message box "connect Failed" does not appear, the port 102 is available on the remote machine.</i> |
| 2E24 | 11812 | A RECEIVE command was issued on a Passive connection that has not yet been | Correct the application logic. |

| HEX | DEC | Description | Possible Corrective Action |
|-------------|---------------|--|--|
| | | established. | |
| 2E25 | 11813 | A SEND command was issued on a Passive connection that has not yet been established. | Correct the application logic. |
| 2E26 | 11814 | Remote system attempted to open a connection on a TSAP locally configured as an Active connection. | Correct the application logic. |
| 2E27 | 11815 | Logic attempted to create an active TCP connection when the TCP connection is already established. | Correct the application logic. |
| 2E28 | 11816 | Connection has been lost. Protocol manager is attempting to re-establish the connection. | Continue to retry. If the problem persists, check the network and partner PLC. |
| 2E30 | 11824 | A command is already in process for this connection number. | Correct the application logic. |
| 2E31 | 11825 | Reserved | Not Used in this release |
| 2E32 | 11826 | No data available to Receive command. Occurs when timeout value of 0 is specified and no data is currently available to be read. | Retry the command. If the problem persists check the partner PLC. |
| 2E33 | 11827 | Error writing to local V memory during Receive command | Retry the command. If the problem persists check the PLC I/O configuration and applicable Command Block entries. |
| 2E34 | 11828 | Error reading from V memory during Send command | Retry the command. If the problem persists check the PLC I/O configuration and applicable Command Block entries. |
| 2E35 | 11829 | The partner controller is not accepting additional data. TCP window size has been set to 0 by the partner. | Ensure that the partner controller is running logic (in Run mode). Reduce the rate at which messages are sent to the partner. |
| 2E40 | 11840 | Incoming packet data length is 0. | Check partner PLC configuration. |
| 2E41 | 11841 | Incoming packet data length is longer than the data length specified in the command block. | This is a warning message that you can use in your application logic. You may choose to ignore the error and use the truncated data. |
| 2E64 - 2E96 | 11876 - 11926 | System Errors. | Contact CTI. |
| 2E97 | 11927 | Invalid command code. | Correct Command Block Entry. |
| 2E98 - 2EFF | 11928 - 12031 | System errors | Contact CTI. |

0.1. Diagnostic Statistics

Diagnostic Statistics may be a valuable tool for troubleshooting problems. The following diagnostic information may be obtained from the 2572 module using the CTIDiag application (version 1.1 and above).

| Statistic | Comments |
|---|--|
| <i>These statistics are kept per connection instance</i> | |
| Instance Identifier | Connection Number |
| Local TSAP (1 st 10 bytes) | |
| Remote TSAP (1 st 10 bytes) | |
| Connection Type | 0x0000 = Undefined (not instantiated) 0x0001 = Active 0x0002 = Passive |
| Count of Message Send Attempts | Attempts by logic to send |
| Count of Messages Sent | Successfully transmitted messages |
| Count of Messages Received | Buffered at Module |
| Count of Messages Read by PLC | Read by PLC |
| Count of Message Read – Empty Buffer | Buffer Reads with no data present |
| Current Connection Status | 0x0000 = Undefined 0x0001 = Not Connected 0x0002 = Connected 0x0003 = Attempting to Connect 0x0004 = Waiting on Connection 0x0005 = Processing Connection Request 0xFFFF = Unknown |
| Count of Connection Attempts | Incremented each time an attempt to connect is initiated or received (both success and non-success are counted). |
| Count of Rejected Connections | Incremented each time a connection attempt is explicitly rejected. |
| Count of Closed Connections | Incremented each time an explicit TCP close is initiated or received |
| Count of KeepAlive Timeouts | Incremented each time a connection is closed because of KeepAlive timeout. |